Bible Study Series: The Book of Galatians Chapter 3

Verse 17

	A.	Paul is driving home the illustration he gave in verse 15. Once two parties have
		made a legally binding agreement, a third party cannot come along and change
		it or disannul it.
	В.	The Abrahamic covenant was an unconditional covenant. It was a covenant of
		It was not based on Abraham's
		• It was based on Abraham's Romans 4:19-22
Ver	se	18
	A.	God promised Abraham that he would have an heir that would come from
		Abraham's own bowels. Genesis 15:4
	В.	God gave it to Abraham by and nothing can invalidate it.
		Romans 4:16
Ver	se	19
	A.	Paul has spent three chapters explaining that the law cannot justify the sinner
		and can only bring a curse.
	В.	"Wherefore then serveth the law?" Paul knew this question would be inevitable
	C.	The law had a definite
		• The law was added to the promises God had already made to Abraham, but
		it did not or make void those promises.
		When God gave the law, He used to ordain it to the hands of a
		mediator, who, of course, was Moses. Exodus 20
	D.	The law served a definite
		Paul said that "it was added because of transgressions."
		• The law revealed God's righteousness in black and white, in clear terms that
		anyone could understand. "for by the law is the knowledge of sin."
		Romans 3:20

	•	The law was given that mankind might see the wickedness of
		his heart and his need of God's grace. It was designed to show man that he
		has morally and legally broken God's law and that he stands
		before a holy and righteous God. Romans 3:19; Romans 5:20
E.	Th	e law had a definite
	•	Paul teaches that the law was added "till the seed should come to whom
		the promise was made."
	•	According to verse 16, that seed is cf. John 1:17
	•	Christ's sacrificial death for sin on the cross ended the law. Christ was the
		only one to God's righteous law. He then went to the cross and
		paid the law's for every sin in the world. 2 Corinthians 5:19
	•	This is why Paul said that Christ abolished the law (Ephesians 2:15) and
		it out of the way (Colossians 2:14).
	•	Now the primary question is not, "Have you?" This can be
		clearly revealed in a matter of minutes using God's law.
	•	The primary question is, "Have you on the Son?"
		- "For God sent not his Son into the world to condemn the world; but that
		the world through him might be saved. He that believeth on him is not
		condemned: but he that believeth not is condemned already, because
		he hath not believed in the name of the only begotten Son of God."
		John 3:17-18
		- "For Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to every one that
		believeth." Romans 10:4
		- "Who is he that overcometh the world, but he that believeth that Jesus
		is the Son of God?" 1 John 5:5
		- "He that believeth on the Son of God hath the witness in himself: he that

believeth not God hath made him a liar; because he believeth not the

record that God gave of his Son." 1 John 5:10